#### Torun Centre for Astronomy

Observing possibilities

T. Tomov

TCfA

#### November 16, 2010



# TCfA, Nicolaus Copernicus University



## Henry Draper's telescope





### Henry Draper's telescope

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						FO	R CA	ART	TNG.						
HA.	oh	12	22	3 <sup>h</sup>	42	5 <sup>h</sup>	6 h	72	8 <sup>h</sup>	9h	10 h	11h	12 h	D	I
+ 80	105	105	103	99	96	93	92	92	95	100	105	110	111	173	116
+ 70	104	103	101	99	96	93	91	91	93	99	107	115	118	88	58
+ 60	103	102	101	98	95	92	89	88	89	95	108	125	133	60	40
+ 50	101	101	99	97	95	91	87	81	74	68				47	32
+ 40	100	99	98	96	93	89	81	63						39	26
+ 30	99	98	97	95	91	85	68							35	24
+ 20	97	97	95	93	89	77	30							32	22
+ 10	95	95	94	91	84	60								30	20
0	93	93	91	87	73									30	20
	91	90	87	79	45									30	20
	86	85	79	57										32	22
	77	73	55											35	24
Fo	r pr	ism y	lates	, add	to C	harti	ng Lo	ads th	e qua	ntita	e fair				

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#### Meade LX 200 telescope





- achromatic telephoto MC APO Telezenitar-M 135/2.8
- camera SBIG ST-8XE
  - Kodak KAF-1603ME
  - ✓ 1530 x 1020 pixels
  - 🗸 13.8 x 9.2 mm
  - 🗸 9 x 9 µm
  - field of view 4° x 6°
  - ✓ BVR filters

sun.astri.uni.torun.pl/~gm/SAVS/



## 60 cm Cassagrain telescope





camera SBIG-STL-1001E

- Kodak KAF-1001E
- 1024 x 1024 pixels
- 24.5 x 24.5 mm
- 24 x 24 μm
- field of view 11' x 11'
- UBVR<sub>c</sub>I<sub>c</sub> filters

www.astri.uni.torun.pl/kaa/fotometr/ www.astri.uni.torun.pl/~swierczynski/



#### 60/90 cm Schmidt-Cassagrain telescope





• prisms – F2 (3°, ~250 Å mm<sup>-1</sup>) and BK7 (5°, ~500 Å mm<sup>-1</sup>)

- camera SBIG STL-11000M
  - ✓ Kodak KAI-11000M
  - ✓ 4008 x 2672 pixels
  - ✓ 36 x 24.7 mm
  - 🗸 9 x 9 µm
  - ✓ field of view 1' x 0.5'
  - ✓ UBV filters



## 60/90 cm SCT - Canadian Copernicus Spectrograph





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- CCS (Richardson & Brealey 1973)
  - ✓ 27 different configurations
  - gratings 300, 600, 1200 l mm<sup>-1</sup>
  - 2 image slicers
  - 2 slits 2" and 4"
  - ✓ dispersion from ~0.2 to ~2.0 Å pix<sup>-1</sup>
  - ✓ coverage from ~3500 to ~12000 Å
- camera Andor DU940P-BU
  - Andor Newton EMCCD
  - 2048 x 512 pixels
  - 🗸 27.6 x 6.9 mm
  - 🗸 13.5 x 13.5 μm







- 2" or Schmidt-Cassegrain Telescope interface
- miror based with light going through a hole (75 µm) in the middle
- calibration input (remote controlled)
- FC fibre connectors
- scientific fibre 50 μm
- calibration fibre  $200 \,\mu m$
- guiding camera

In our case additionally

• 0.33× focal reducer (*f*/4.95)







#### fibre-fed

- cross-dispersed echelle
- f = 125 mm collimator (f/5)
- R2 high efficiency echelle grating
- coated prism cross-disperser
- resolving power  $R \sim 10000$
- visible domain (around 4500-7000 Å)
- choice of imaging camera



- ThAr lamp with high voltage power supply for precise calibration
- flat lamp for echelle order geometry and blaze processing





QSI (Quantum Scientific Imaging) 532s+

- Canon f = 85 mm lens adapter
- Kodak KAF-3200ME







- the spectral region can be slightly changed playing with the camera focus
- with the present set-up the best usable orders are from 32 to 50
- i.e. from  $\sim$  4300 Å to  $\sim$  7200 Å



 Comparison with the Poznan echelle spectrograph (a replica of MUSICOS with a resolving power R ~ 35000)



 Comparison with the Poznan echelle spectrograph (a replica of MUSICOS with a resolving power R ~ 35000)





spectral region to be used for measurements 4700 – 6550 ÅÅ



RV of Arcturus measured by the use of the IRAF task *rvidlines* 

Date	RV	Mean err	N of lines		
	km s <sup>-1</sup>	km s <sup>−1</sup>			
11.03.2010	-6.35	0.15	129		
24.03.2010	-5.95	0.14	122		
17.04.2010	-6.74	0.15	127		
Mean	-6.35	0.15			

RV of Arcturus measured with cross-correlation technique

Date	RV	Mean err
	km s <sup>-1</sup>	km s <sup>-1</sup>
11.03.2010	-6.24	0.27
24.03.2010	-5.77	0.32
17.04.2010	-6.30	0.27
Mean	-6.10	0.29

The standard RV of Arcturus is  $-5.3\pm0.3\,km\,s^{-1}$ 



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